

EXAMINING THE ENERGY CODE: SUCCESSES, CHALLENGES, APP ROACHES FOR THE FUTURE

Panelists:

Gina Bocra AIA, LEED AP BD+C/ID+C, Chief Sustainability Officer, NYC Department of Buildings (DOB)

Priscilla Richards

Program Manager, NYSERDA

Chris Benedict, RA, Owner, Chris Benedict, RA

Moderator: Ellen Honigstock, RA, Director of Education, Urban Green Council

Progress Since 2009

Gina Bocra, AIA, LEED AP BD+C/ID+C Chief Sustainability Officer



Building Energy Policy in New York City

- NYCECC in context- what establishes the Baseline?
- Progress- how has NYC improved?
 - Increased stringency
 - Increased enforcement
- Future- where is the code going?
 - Increased stringency
 - Increased enforcement
- Findings and Challenges





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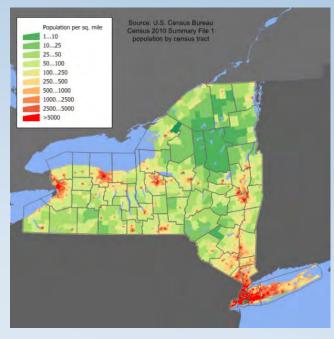












Establishment of National model codes

Establishment of state energy codes

Photo by David Falconer, Earth graphic by Additceted04, NY State map by Jimlrwin. Source: Wikipedia Creative Commons



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Energy Policy in New York City

Increased stringency

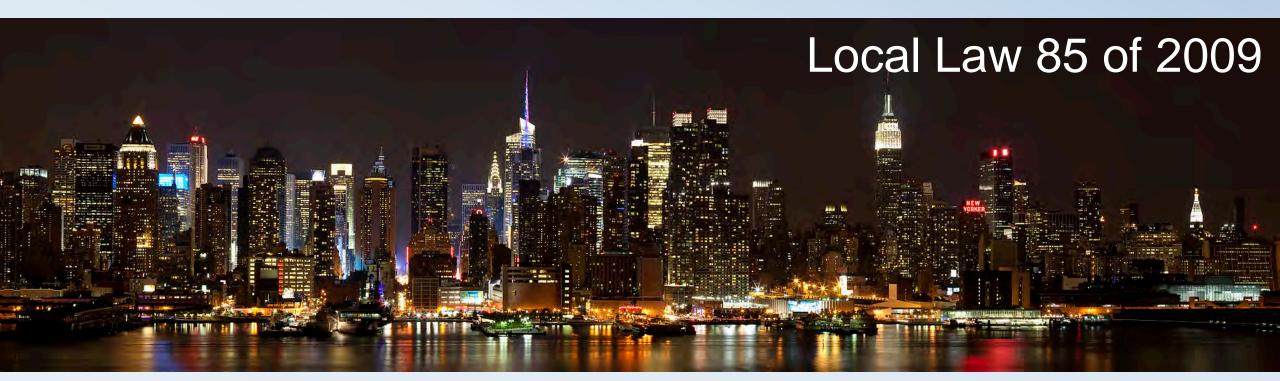
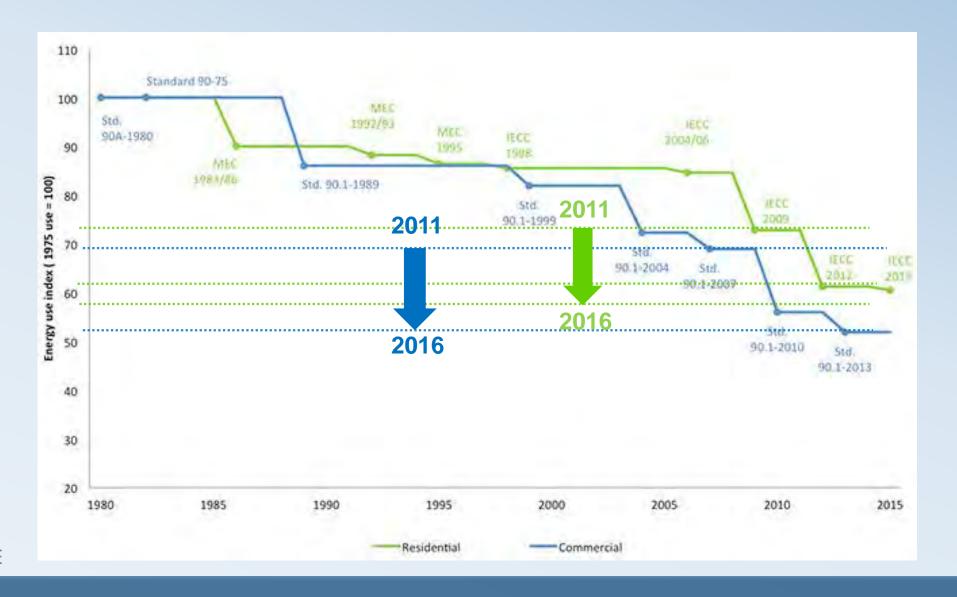


Photo by Dmitry Avdeev. Source: Wikipedia Creative Commons

Context for the NYCECC- Baseline



Source: ACEEE

Energy Policy in New York City

Increased enforcement

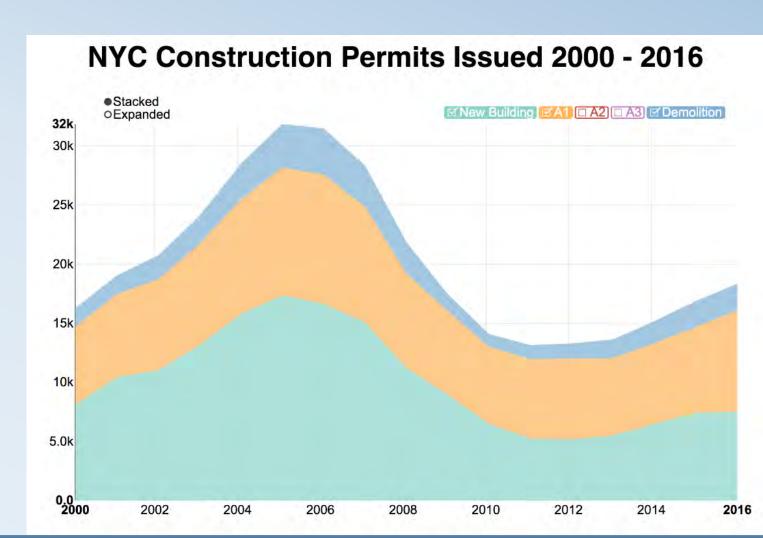
In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, stipulated that any state that accepted federal funding would have to demonstrate at least 90% compliance with the energy code on *all* permitted projects by 2017

First report on Energy Code Compliance in New York State revealed (based on technical compliance with the envelope provisions):

Residential- 61% Commercial- 36%

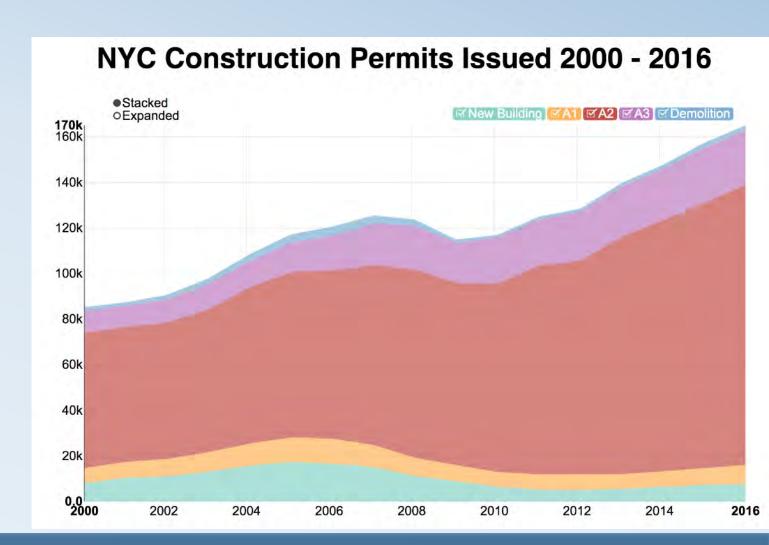
Local Law 85 of 2009

- NYC establishes its own Energy Code
- DOB establishes the
 Energy Code Unit in
 2013, starting with New
 Building applications
- One City Built to Last Plan calls for increased enforcement in 2014



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Energy Code Enforcement

2015 DOB Alterations Pilot

- 12 month study to establish a review strategy for alterations to existing buildings
 - Test filters for high-risk energy projects (current process and future process considerations)
 - Test inspections strategies for agency audits
 - "Test" compliance in the alterations market

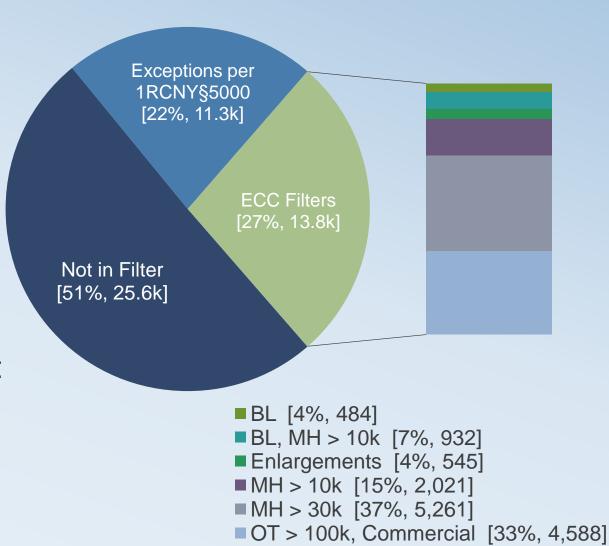


Energy Code Enforcement

Alt2 Applications [100%, 51k] Audit Selection Breakdown Pilot Year: 9/20/15 to 9/2016

Findings

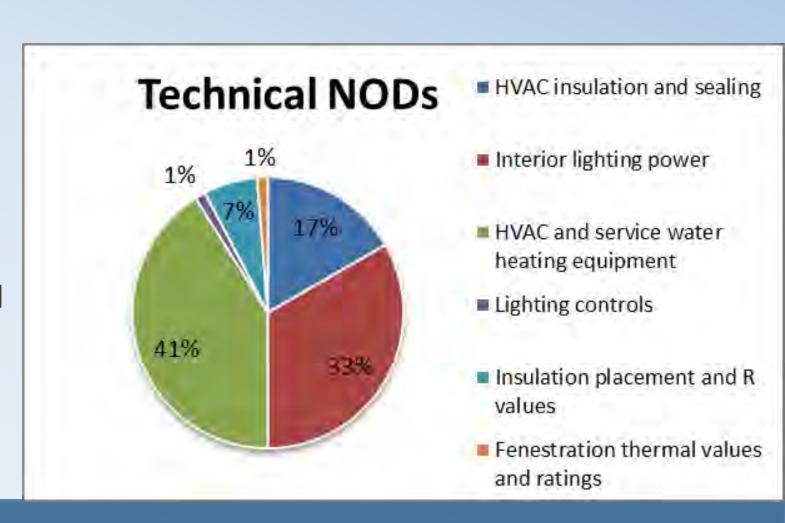
- Noncompliance issues in plan examination
 - Boiler and Mechanical systemscontrols
 - Lighting systems- controls
 - Façade alterations were falling out of the filters
- 75% of projects had technical objections in the first review



Energy Code Enforcement

Findings

- Noncompliance issues in inspections
 - Many issues were related to post-approval drawing changes
 - Most deficiencies identified in the field could be remedied
- 36% of projects received a "Notice of Deficiency"



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Future of the Energy Code in NYC

Intro. 1629 of 2017 (EUI targets for buildings 25,000 sq.ft. and greater)

A local law to amend the New York city Administrative Code, on adoption of more stringent energy efficiency requirements for buildings and energy use intensity requirements for new and substantially reconstructed buildings

- Adopt a 2019 and 2022 code that is 20% more stringent than ASHRAE 90.1
- 2025 New buildings and additions 38 kBtu/sf/yr
- 2025 Substantial renovations 42 kBtu/sf/yr



Future of the Energy Code in NYC

Implement the alterations strategies:

- Applying the filters that were successful
 - Creating logic in the new all-electronic application process to further narrow the universe
 - Auditing by applicant
 - Auditing "non-filtered" jobs
- Inspecting highest-risk jobs
- Auditing the third-party inspectors



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What are the barriers and obstacles?

- Industry inertia (education)
- Federal preemption of appliances and equipment
- Resources

What has been surprising?

- Initial shock of low compliance
- Low adoption of the performance path (less than 1% of projects)

Challenges

- More stringent Energy Code with less complexity and no less flexibility
- More enforcement, enforcement!

Thank You!

Email DOB's energy team at energycodes@buildings.nyc.gov gbocra@buildings.nyc.gov

For more on energy codes of the future: http://www.pnnl.gov/main/publications/external/tech nical_reports/PNNL-24009.pdf





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Stretch Energy Codes

A Strategy for Accelerating Market Adoption of Low Carbon Buildings

Northeast Sustainable Energy Association BuildingEnergy NYC - October 12, 2017

Reforming the Energy Vision (REV)

REV is a comprehensive strategy to build a clean, resilient, and affordable energy system for all New Yorkers, with a focus on three core approaches to drive transformation

- Regulatory Reform (PSC) reshaping NY's electric industry and utility business practice to encourage the cleanest, most advanced, and efficient power system operation
- Market Activation (NYSERDA) addressing market barriers and gaps; redesigning NY programs to accelerate clean energy market growth and unlock private clean energy investment

REV Clean Energy Goals for 2030

ny.gov/REV4NY

40% Reduction in greenhouse gas emissions from 1990 levels

50% Generation of New York State's electricity must come from renewable energy sources

23% Decrease in energy consumption of buildings from 2012 levels



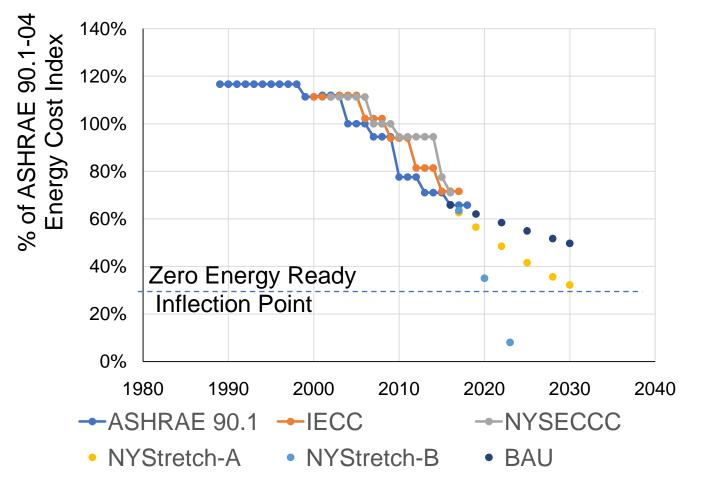
Stretch Energy Code Concept

- Mandatory or voluntary mechanisms
 - Adopted by cities
 - Used for public buildings
 - Tax or other incentive programs
- Results in more energy savings than a base energy code
- Signals where future codes are going
- Can work in tandem with utility programs regulatory, timing, and savings



Stretch Code Strategies

Commercial Energy Code History & Projections ASHRAE 90.1, IECC, NYSECCC



"One-Cycle Stretch"

- Build on national model codes
- NYStretch-Energy
 - 2015 version this year
 - 2018 version next year
 - 2021 version by 2021

"Stretch-to-Zero"

- Test approaches for towards zero codes in New York State
- Address unregulated loads
- Address onsite generation



Stretch Codes in Context

Part of NYSERDA's suite of code-related activities:

- ✓ Improving compliance
- ✓ Strengthening enforcement
- ✓ Accelerating adoption
- ✓ Supporting enactment

http://www.nyserdacodetraining.com/



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One-Cycle Stretch: What is NYStretch-Energy?

"Overlay" code, or alternative compliance path,

for local adoption

+ More rigorous than base energy code

+ Results in buildings that achieve greater energy savings and reduced GHG emissions

+ Anticipates successor code advancements, culminating in a statewide Net Zero Energy code by 2028/30



One-Cycle Stretch: 2018 NYStretch-Energy Objective

- Provide readily-adoptable code language for local governments that will deliver energy efficiency performance significantly above anticipated 2019 Energy Conservation Construction Code of New York State
- Generally aiming for energy savings of 20% beyond ASHRAE 90.1-2013 / 2015 IECC



One-Cycle Stretch: 2018 NYStretch-Energy Development Process

- Advisory Group guidance Make it rigorous but straightforward and achievable; backstop for best practices in building design/engineering
- Residential, Commercial and Multi-family Working Groups- Will review technical issues and help prepare detailed language
- Iterative energy modeling to predict savings and fine-tune
- Incremental cost analysis to understand cost-effectiveness
- Public comment period
- Toolkit to support adoption



2018 NYStretch-Energy Timetable

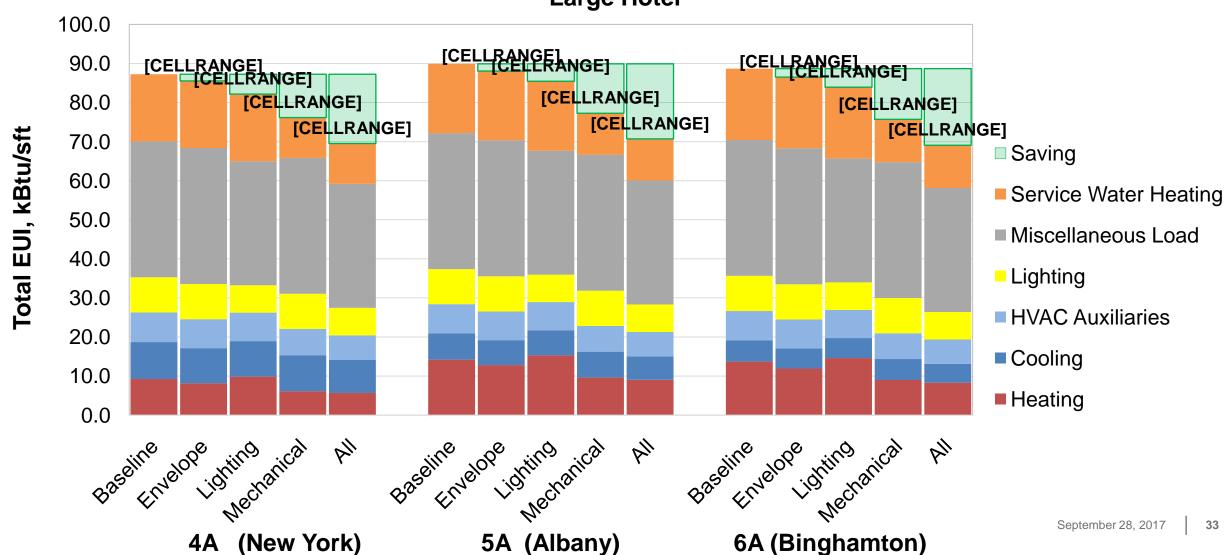
MILESTONE	DATE
Kickoff	June 8, 2017
1st Round Technical Working Group meetings	July 2017
NYStretch-Energy Advisory Committee (Meeting 2) PRESENT DRAFT ENERGY ANALYSIS	September 2017
2 nd Round of Technical Working Group Meetings	October 2017
NYStretch-Energy Advisory Committee (Meeting 3) PRESENT FINAL ENERGY ANALYSIS	December 2017
NYStretch-Energy draft	December 2017
Legal review	January 2018
Public comment	February/March 2018
Toolkit update	May 2018
Final NYStretch-Energy	May 2018



Preliminary Results Large Hotel



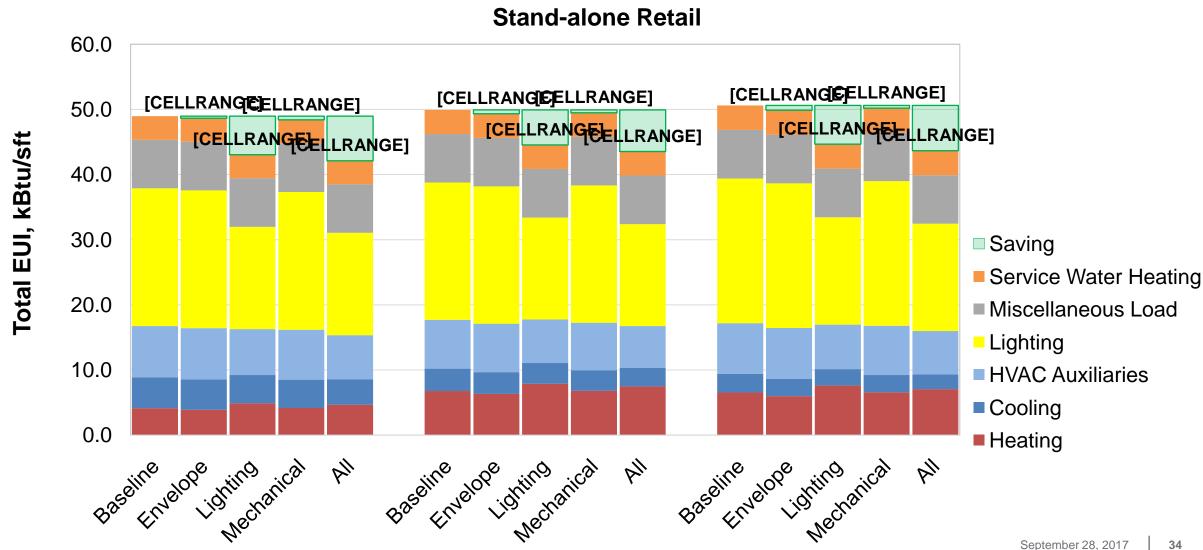
Large Hotel



Preliminary Results Stand-alone Retail



Proudly Operated by **Battelle** Since 1965



5A (Albany)

6A (Binghamton)

(New York)

4A

Stretch-to-Zero

Objectives:

- 1. Develop path to an energy code that:
 - 1. Addresses all aspects of a building's energy use and energy production;
 - 2. Moves market in a prompt and supportive way without being disruptive; and
 - 3. Leads New York State to a stretch-to-zero code as baseline by 2030.
- 2. Identify major construction trends and their influence on energy codes (e.g., production trends, digitalization, BIM, etc.).
- 3. Identify proven technologies/systems to incorporate into stretch energy codes.
- 4. Test towards zero-energy approaches for applicability in New York State.



Benefits of Stretch Codes

- Lower building operating costs/increased energy savings
- Increased occupant comfort
- Improved resiliency (with regard to power disruptions)
- Real-life testing in New York markets
- Stimulates R&D and commercialization of products/systems to improve energy efficiency performance
- Provides consistency while leveraging developed above-code infrastructure
- Alignment with utility programs



Thank you!

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The Perfect Energy Code

A one-act play
by
Chris Benedict and Henry Gifford



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QUESTIONS